

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

MA114 Summer II 2018
Worksheet 1a

Solutions

1. Compute the following integrals by using integration by parts.

a) $\int x^2 \sin(x) dx$, $u = x^2$ $dv = \sin(x) dx$
 $du = 2x dx$ $v = -\cos(x)$

$$= -x^2 \cos(x) - \int -2x \cos(x) dx$$

$$= -x^2 \cos(x) + \int 2x \cos(x) dx$$

$u = 2x$ $dv = \cos(x) dx$
 $du = 2 dx$ $v = \sin(x)$

$$= -x^2 \cos(x) + 2x \sin(x) - \int 2 \sin(x) dx$$

$$= \boxed{-x^2 \cos(x) + 2x \sin(x) + 2 \cos(x) + C}$$

b) $\int (2x+1)e^x dx$,

$u = 2x+1$ $dv = e^x dx$
 $du = 2 dx$ $v = e^x$

$$= (2x+1)e^x - \int 2e^x dx$$

$$= \boxed{(2x+1)e^x - 2e^x + C}$$

or

$$\boxed{(2x-1)e^x + C}$$

c) $\int x^4 \ln(x) dx$,

$u = \ln(x)$ $dv = x^4 dx$
 $du = \frac{1}{x} dx$ $v = \frac{1}{5} x^5$

$$= \frac{1}{5} x^5 \ln(x) - \int \frac{1}{5} x^5 \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} x^5 \ln(x) - \frac{1}{5} \int x^4 dx$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{5} x^5 \ln(x) - \frac{1}{25} x^5 + C}$$

d) $\int x \ln(x+1) dx$,

$u = \ln(x+1)$ $dv = x dx$
 $du = \frac{1}{x+1} dx$ $v = \frac{1}{2} x^2$

$$= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln(x+1) - \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{x^2}{x+1} dx$$

Substitute $t = x+1$ $x = t-1$
 $dt = dx$

$$= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln(x+1) - \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{(t-1)^2}{t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln(x+1) - \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{t^2 - 2t + 1}{t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln(x+1) - \frac{1}{2} \int t - 2 + \frac{1}{t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln(x+1) - \frac{1}{4} t^2 + t - \frac{1}{2} \ln|t| + C$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln(x+1) - \frac{1}{4} (x+1)^2 + (x+1) - \frac{1}{2} \ln|x+1| + C}$$

(alt. solution
on back)

$$\int x \ln(x+1) dx : \text{Substitute } t = x+1 \quad x = t-1 \\ dt = dx$$

$$= \int (t-1) \ln(t) dt$$

$$= \int t \ln(t) dt - \int \ln(t) dt$$

$$\int t \ln(t) dt =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} t^2 \ln(t) - \int \frac{1}{2} t dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} t^2 \ln(t) - \frac{1}{4} t^2$$

$$u = \ln(t) \quad dv = t dt \\ du = \frac{1}{t} dt \quad v = \frac{1}{2} t^2$$

$$\int \ln(t) dt$$

$$u = \ln(t) \quad dv = dt$$

$$du = \frac{1}{t} dt \quad v = t$$

$$= t \ln(t) - \int 1 dt$$

$$= t \ln(t) - t$$

$$\text{So: } \int x \ln(x+1) dx = \frac{1}{2} t^2 \ln(t) - \frac{1}{4} t^2 - t \ln(t) + t + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (x+1)^2 \ln(x+1) - \frac{1}{4} (x+1)^2 - (x+1) \ln(x+1) + (x+1) + C$$